EXHIBIT B

WRG ASBESTOS PI TRUST DISTRIBUTION PROCEDURES

2.2 Claims Liquidation Procedures. PI Trust Claims shall be processed based on their place in the FIFO Processing Queue to be established pursuant to Section 5.1(a) below. The PI Trust shall take all reasonable steps to resolve PI Trust Claims as efficiently and expeditiously as possible at each stage of claims processing and arbitration, which steps may include, in the PI Trust's sole discretion, conducting settlement discussions with claimants' representatives with respect to more than one claim at a time, provided that the claimants' respective positions in the FIFO Processing Queue are maintained and each claim is individually evaluated pursuant to the valuation factors set forth in Section 5.3(b)(2) below. The PI Trust shall also make every effort to resolve each year at least that number of PI Trust Claims required to exhaust the Maximum Annual Payment and the Maximum Available Payment for Category A and Category B claims, as those terms are defined below.

The PI Trust shall liquidate all PI Trust Claims except Foreign Claims (as defined below) that meet the presumptive Medical/Exposure Criteria of Disease Levels I–V, VII and VIII under the Expedited Review Process described in Section 5.3(a) below. Claims involving Disease Levels I–V, VII and VIII that do not meet the presumptive Medical/Exposure Criteria for the relevant Disease Level may undergo the PI Trust's Individual Review Process described in Section 5.3(b) below. In such a case, notwithstanding that the claim does not meet the presumptive Medical/Exposure Criteria for the relevant Disease Level, the PI Trust can offer the claimant an amount up to the Scheduled Value of that Disease Level if the PI Trust is satisfied that the claimant has presented a claim that would be cognizable and valid in the tort system.

Claimants holding claims involving Disease Levels II-VIII may alternatively seek to establish a liquidated value for the claim that is greater than its Scheduled Value by electing the PI Trust's Individual Review Process. However, the liquidated value of a claim that undergoes the

Individual Review Process for valuation purposes may be determined to be less than the Scheduled Value for the applicable Disease Level, and in any event shall not exceed the Maximum Value for the relevant Disease Level set forth in Section 5.3(b)(3) below, unless the claim qualifies as an Extraordinary Claim as defined in Section 5.4(a) below, in which case its liquidated value cannot exceed the maximum extraordinary value specified in Section 5.4(a) for such claims. Level VI (Lung Cancer 2) claims and all Foreign Claims may be liquidated only pursuant to the PI Trust's Individual Review Process.

Based upon Grace's claims settlement histories in light of applicable tort law, and current projections of present and future unliquidated claims, the Scheduled Values and Maximum Values set forth in Section 5.3(b)(3) have been established for each of the Disease Levels that are eligible for Individual Review of their liquidated values, with the expectation that the combination of settlements at the Scheduled Values and those resulting from the Individual Review Process should result in the Average Values also set forth in that provision.

All unresolved disputes over a claimant's medical condition, exposure history and/or the liquidated value of the claim shall be subject to binding or non-binding arbitration as set forth in Section 5.10 below, at the election of the claimant, under the ADR Procedures that are provided in Attachment A hereto. PI Trust Claims that are the subject of a dispute with the PI Trust that cannot be resolved by non-binding arbitration may enter the tort system as provided in Sections 5.11 and 7.6 below. However, if and when a claimant obtains a judgment in the tort system, the judgment shall be payable (subject to the Payment Percentage, Maximum Available Payment, and Claims Payment Ratio provisions set forth below) as provided in Section 7.7 below.

³ Attachment A will be developed by the Trustees with the consent of the TAC and the FCR, and will be included with this document when completed.

respect thereto), together with a portion of its principal, calculated so that the application of PI Trust funds over its life shall correspond with the needs created by the estimated initial backlog of claims and the estimated anticipated future flow of claims (the "Maximum Annual Payment"), taking into account the Payment Percentage provisions set forth in Section 2.3 above and Sections 4.2 and 4.3 below. The PI Trust's distributions to all claimants for that year shall not exceed the Maximum Annual Payment determined for that year.

In distributing the Maximum Annual Payment, the PI Trust shall first allocate the amount in question to (a) outstanding Pre-Petition Liquidated Claims; (b) PI Trust Claims involving Disease Level I (Cash Discount Payment) which have been liquidated by the PI Trust; (c) any PI Trust Claims based on a diagnosis dated prior to the Effective Date ("Existing Claims"); and (d) Exigent Hardship Claims (as defined in Section 5.4(b) below). Should the Maximum Annual Payment be insufficient to pay all such claims in full, they shall be paid in proportion to the aggregate value of each group of claims and the available funds allocated to each group of claims shall be paid to the maximum extent to claimants in the particular group based on their place in their respective FIFO Payment Queue. Claims in any group for which there are insufficient funds shall be carried over to the next year, and placed at the head of their FIFO Payment Queue. The remaining portion of the Maximum Annual Payment (the "Maximum Available Payment"), if any, shall then be allocated and used to satisfy all other liquidated PI Trust Claims, subject to the Claims Payment Ratio set forth in Section 2.5 below. Claims in the groups described in (a), (b), (c) and (d) above shall not be subject to the Claims Payment Ratio.

2.5 Claims Payment Ratio. Based upon Grace's claims settlement histories and analysis of present and future claims, a Claims Payment Ratio has been determined which, as of the Effective Date, has been set at 88% for Category A claims, which consist of PI Trust Claims

involving severe asbestosis, severe disabling pleural disease and malignancies (Disease Levels IV-VIII) and at 12% for Category B claims, which are PI Trust Claims involving non-malignant Asbestosis or Pleural Disease (Disease Levels II and III).

In each year, after the determination of the Maximum Available Payment described in Section 2.4 above, 88% of that amount shall be available to pay Category A claims and 12% shall be available to pay Category B claims that have been liquidated since the Petition Date except for claims which, pursuant to Section 2.4 above, are not subject to the Claims Payment Ratio; provided, however, that the amount available to pay each Category of claims in each year shall be proportionately reduced by the amounts required to pay any Insurance-Related TDP Claims (as defined in Section 5.12 below) and any Indemnified Insurer TDP Claims (as defined in Section 5.13 below), and any BNSF TDP Claims (as defined in Section 5.14 below). In the event there are insufficient funds in any year to pay the liquidated claims within either or both of the Categories, the available funds allocated to the particular Category shall be paid to the maximum extent to claimants in that Category based on their place in the FIFO Payment Queue described in Section 5.1(c) below, which shall be based upon the date of claim liquidation. Claims for which there are insufficient funds allocated to the relevant Category shall be carried over to the next year where they shall be placed at the head of the FIFO Payment Queue. If there are excess funds in either or both Categories, because there is an insufficient amount of liquidated claims to exhaust the respective Maximum Available Payment amount for that Category, then the excess funds for either or both Categories shall be rolled over and remain dedicated to the respective Category to which they were originally allocated.

The 88%/12% Claims Payment Ratio and its rollover provision shall apply to all PI Trust Voting Claims as defined in Section 2.3 above (except Pre-Petition Liquidated Claims, Other

Medical/Exposure Criteria for Severe Asbestosis (Disease Level IV-A), Severe Disabling Pleural Disease (Disease Level IV-B) or an asbestos-related malignancy (Disease Levels V–VIII), and the PI Trust, in its sole discretion, determines (i) that the claimant needs financial assistance on an immediate basis based on the claimant's expenses and all sources of available income, and (ii) that there is a causal connection between the claimant's dire financial condition and the claimant's asbestos-related disease.

- disease resulting solely from exposure to an occupationally exposed person, such as a family member, the claimant must seek Individual Review of his or her claim pursuant to Section 5.3(b) above. In such a case, the claimant must establish that the occupationally exposed person would have met the exposure requirements under this TDP that would have been applicable had that person filed a direct claim against the PI Trust. In addition, the claimant with secondary exposure must establish that he or she is suffering from one of the eight Disease Levels described in Section 5.3(a)(3) above or an asbestos-related disease otherwise compensable under this TDP, that his or her own exposure to the occupationally exposed person occurred within the same time frame as the occupationally exposed person was exposed to asbestos or asbestos-containing products manufactured, produced or distributed by Grace or to conduct for which Grace has legal responsibility, and that such secondary exposure was a cause of the claimed disease. All other liquidation and payment rights and limitations under this TDP shall be applicable to such claims.
- 5.6 Indirect PI Trust Claims. Indirect PI Trust Claims asserted against the PI Trust shall be treated as presumptively valid and paid by the PI Trust subject to the applicable Payment Percentage if the holder of such claim (the "Indirect Claimant") establishes to the satisfaction of the Trustees that (i) the Indirect Claimant has paid in full the liability and obligation

amount of the liability or obligation so paid, times the then applicable Payment Percentage. However, in no event shall such reimbursement to the Indirect Claimant be greater than the amount to which the Direct Claimant would have otherwise been entitled. Further, the liquidated value of any Indirect PI Trust Claim paid by the PI Trust to an Indirect Claimant shall be treated as an offset to or reduction of the full liquidated value of any PI Trust Claim that might be subsequently asserted by the Direct Claimant against the PI Trust.

Any dispute between the PI Trust and an Indirect Claimant over whether the Indirect Claimant has a right to reimbursement for any amount paid to a Direct Claimant shall be subject to the ADR Procedures provided in Section 5.10 below and set forth in Attachment A hereto. If such dispute is not resolved by said ADR Procedures, the Indirect Claimant may litigate the dispute in the tort system pursuant to Sections 5.11 and 7.6 below.

The Trustees may develop and approve a separate proof of claim form for Indirect PI Trust Claims. Indirect PI Trust Claims that have not been disallowed, discharged, or otherwise resolved by prior order of the Bankruptcy Court shall be processed in accordance with procedures to be developed and implemented by the Trustees consistent with the provisions of this Section 5.6, which procedures (a) shall determine the validity, acceptability and enforceability of such claims; and (b) shall otherwise provide the same liquidation and payment procedures and rights to the holders of such claims as the PI Trust would have afforded the holders of the underlying valid PI Trust Claims. Nothing in this TDP is intended to preclude a trust to which asbestos-related liabilities are channeled from asserting an Indirect PI Trust Claim against the PI Trust subject to the requirements set forth herein. For the purposes of determining the validity, acceptability and enforceability of Indirect PI Trust Claims pursuant to this section, section 502(e) of the Bankruptcy Code shall not be applied to Indirect PI Trust Claims.

Scheduled Value for such claim. In the case of a non-Extraordinary Claim involving Disease Levels II–VIII, the arbitrator shall not return an award in excess of the Maximum Value for the appropriate Disease Level as set forth in Section 5.3(a)(3) above, and for an Extraordinary Claim involving one of those Disease Levels, the arbitrator shall not return an award greater than the maximum extraordinary value for such a claim as set forth in Section 5.4(a) above. A claimant who submits to arbitration and who accepts the arbitral award shall receive payments in the same manner as one who accepts the PI Trust's original valuation of the claim.

5.11 — Litigation. Claimants who elect non-binding arbitration and then reject their arbitral awards retain the right to institute a lawsuit in the tort system against the PI Trust pursuant to Section 7.6 below. However, a claimant shall be eligible for payment of a judgment for monetary damages obtained in the tort system from the PI Trust's available cash only as provided in Section 7.7 below.

5.12 Insurance-Related TDP Claims. Any claim of The Scotts Company LLC, BNSF-Railway Company, and any other Entity (individually, an "Insurance-Related Claimant") against any Settled Asbestos Insurance Company seeking insurance coverage under an Asbestos Insurance Policy which is the subject of an Asbestos Insurance Settlement Agreement (individually, an "Insurance-Related TDP Claim") that is channeled to the PI Trust shall be reviewed, processed and if entitled to payment, paid by the PI Trust in accordance with this Section 5.12.

Each Insurance-Related TDP Claim submitted to the PI Trust shall be reviewed individually by the PI Trust to determine the validity and amount of such claim. The PI Trust shall provide each Insurance-Related Claimant submitting such a claim with the PI Trust's determination in writing of the validity and amount of such claim. Any dispute between the PI

could have asserted against the Insurance-Related Claimant with respect to such Insurance-Related TDP Claim.

If the dispute is resolved by litigation, then a claim in the amount of any judgment against the PI Trust that has become a final judgment not subject to further proceedings shall be placed in the FIFO Payment Queue based upon the date on which such judgment became a final judgment not subject to further proceedings. Thereafter, the Insurance-Related Claimant shall receive from the PI Trust an initial payment equal to (x) the greater of (i) the PI Trust's last offer to the Insurance-Related Claimant with respect to such claim and (ii) the arbitration award which the Insurance-Related Claimant declined with respect to such claim, but in any case such amount shall not be greater than the amount of the judgment the Insurance-Related Claimant obtained with respect to such claim, multiplied by (y) the Payment Percentage in effect at the time of such payment, subject to (z) the Maximum Annual Payment and Maximum Available Payment provisions herein. The Insurance-Related Claimant shall receive the balance, if any, of the judgment amount in five (5) equal installments in years six (6) through ten (10) following the year of the initial payment, subject to the applicable Payment Percentage and the Maximum Annual Payment and Maximum Available Payment provisions in effect as of the date of payment of each such installment.

5.13 —Indemnified Insurer TDP Claims. Any claim of a Settled Asbestos

Insurance Company seeking indemnification from Grace or any other Asbestos Protected Party
based upon or arising out of an Asbestos PI Claim (individually, an "Indemnified Insurer TDP

Claim") that is channeled to the PI Trust shall be reviewed, processed and if entitled to payment,
paid by the PI Trust in accordance with this Section 5.13. Any Settled Asbestos Insurance

Company asserting such indemnification rights shall be referred to herein as an "Indemnified Insurer."

Each Indemnified Insurer TDP Claim submitted to the PI Trust shall be reviewed individually by the PI Trust to determine the validity and amount of such claim. The PI Trust shall provide each Indemnified Insurer submitting such a claim with the PI Trust's determination in writing of the validity and amount of such claim. Any dispute between the PI Trust and an Indemnified Insurer concerning the validity or amount of an Indemnified Insurer TDP Claim shall be subject to the ADR Procedures provided in Section 5.10 herein and set forth in Attachment A hereto. For the purposes of determining the validity and amount of an Indemnified Insurer TDP Claim pursuant to this section, section 502(e) of the Bankruptcy Code shall not be applied to any such Claim.

If the PI Trust and an Indemnified Insurer agree upon the amount of an Indemnified Insurer Claim, or if such dispute is resolved through arbitration under the ADR Procedures, then a claim in the amount of the arbitration award, if any, or in such amount as agreed between the Indemnified Insurer and the PI Trust, shall be placed in the FIFO Payment Queue based upon the date on which such arbitration award was rendered or the date on which such amount was agreed between the PI Trust and the Indemnified Insurer, as applicable. Thereafter, the Indemnified Insurer shall receive from the PI Trust payment of an amount equal to (x) the amount of the arbitration award or other agreed amount with respect to such Indemnified Insurer TDP claim, multiplied by (y) the Payment Percentage in effect at the time of such payment, subject to (z) the Maximum Annual Payment and Maximum Available Payment provisions herein.

If a dispute between the PI Trust and an Indemnified Insurer is not resolved through the PI Trust's ADR Procedures, the Indemnified Insurer may litigate its Indemnified Insurer TDP Claim

SECTION VI

5.14 BNSF TDP Claims. Any claim of BNSF seeking indemnification from Grace based upon an alleged contractual indemnity obligation (individually, a "BNSF TDP Claim") that is channeled to the PI Trust shall be reviewed, processed and if entitled to payment, paid by the PI Trust in accordance with this Section 5.14.

Each BNSF TDP Claim submitted to the PI Trust shall be reviewed individually by the PI Trust to determine the validity and amount of such claim. The PI Trust shall provide BNSF with the PI Trust's determination in writing of the validity and amount of such claim. Any dispute between the PI Trust and BNSF concerning the validity or amount of a BNSF TDP Claim shall be subject to the ADR Procedures provided in Section 5.10 herein and set forth in Attachment A hereto.

If the PI Trust and BNSF agree upon the amount of a BNSF TDP Claim, or if such dispute is resolved through arbitration under the ADR Procedures, then a claim in the amount of the arbitration award, if any, or in such amount as agreed between BNSF and the PI Trust, shall be placed in the FIFO Payment Queue based upon the date on which such arbitration award was rendered or the date on which such amount was agreed between the PI Trust and BNSF, as applicable. Thereafter, BNSF shall receive from the PI Trust payment of an amount equal to (x) the amount of the arbitration award or other agreed amount with respect to such BNSF TDP Claim, multiplied by (y) the Payment Percentage in effect at the time of such payment, subject to (z) the Maximum Annual Payment and Maximum Available Payment provisions herein.

If a dispute between the PI Trust and BNSF is not resolved through the PI Trust's

ADR Procedures, BNSF may litigate its BNSF TDP Claim against the PI Trust by filing suit

in any federal or state court with jurisdiction over the PI Trust and over such claim. In any such litigation, BNSF may assert its BNSF TDP Claim against the PI Trust as if BNSF were asserting such claim against Grace and the discharge and injunctions in the Plan had not been issued. The PI Trust may assert against BNSF any and all claims and defenses of the PI Trust, as well as any and all claims and defenses that Grace could have asserted against BNSF.

If the dispute is resolved by litigation, then a claim in the amount of any judgment against the PI Trust that has become a final judgment not subject to further proceedings shall be placed in the FIFO Payment Queue based upon the date on which such judgment became a final judgment not subject to further proceedings. Thereafter, BNSF shall receive from the PI Trust an initial payment equal to (x) the greater of (i) the PI Trust's last offer to BNSF with respect to such claim and (ii) the arbitration award which BNSF declined with respect to such claim, but in any case such amount shall not be greater than the amount of the judgment BNSF obtained with respect to such claim, multiplied by (y) the Payment Percentage in effect at the time of such payment, subject to (z) the Maximum Annual Payment and Maximum Available Payment provisions herein. BNSF shall receive the balance, if any, of the judgment amount in five (5) equal installments in years six (6) through ten (10) following the year of the initial payment, subject to the applicable Payment Percentage and the Maximum Annual Payment and Maximum Available Payment provisions in effect as of the date of payment of each such installment.

SECTION 6

Claims Materials

<u>6.1</u> Claims Materials. The PI Trust shall prepare suitable and efficient claims materials ("Claims Materials") for all PI Trust Claims, and shall provide such Claims Materials